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| |  | | --- | | **Foods to Avoid Feeding Your Dog** | | |  | | --- | | *Veterinary & Aquatic Services Department, Drs. Foster & Smith* | | | http://www.peteducation.com/images/dot_clear.gif | |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | | Nutrition & Feeding | | | | |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | |  |  |  | |  |  | |
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Some may cause only mild digestive upsets, whereas, others can cause severe illness, and even death. The following common food items should not be fed (intentionally or unintentionally) to dogs. This list is, of course, incomplete because we can not possibly list everything your dog should not eat.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | **Items to avoid** | **Reasons to avoid** | | Alcoholic beverages | Can cause intoxication, [*coma*](javascript:popupWin1('/dictionary_term.cfm?term=coma',%2050,%2050,%20350,%20300)), and death. | | Baby food | Can contain onion powder, which can be toxic to dogs. (Please see onion below.) Can also result in nutritional deficiencies, if fed in large amounts. | | Bones from fish, poultry, or other meat sources | Can cause obstruction or laceration of the digestive system. | | Cat food | Generally too high in protein and fats. | | [Chocolate, coffee, tea, and other caffeine](http://www.peteducation.com/article.cfm?cls=2&cat=1939&articleid=2238) | Contain caffeine, theobromine, or theophylline, which can be toxic and affect the heart and nervous systems. | | [Citrus oil extracts](http://www.peteducation.com/article.cfm?cls=2&cat=1938&articleid=2281) | Can cause vomiting. | | Fat trimmings | Can cause [pancreatitis](http://www.peteducation.com/article.cfm?cls=2&cat=1580&articleid=335). | | [Grapes and raisins](http://www.peteducation.com/article.cfm?cls=2&cat=1939&articleid=2409) | Contain an unknown toxin, which can damage the kidneys. There have been no problems associated with grape seed extract. | | Hops | Unknown compound causes panting, increased heart rate, elevated temperature, seizures, and death. | | Human vitamin supplements containing [iron](http://www.peteducation.com/article.cfm?cls=2&cat=1937&articleid=2244) | Can damage the lining of the digestive system and be toxic to the other organs including the liver and kidneys. | | Large amounts of liver | Can cause [Vitamin A](http://www.peteducation.com/article.cfm?cls=2&cat=1662&articleid=710) toxicity, which affects muscles and bones. | | [Macadamia nuts](http://www.peteducation.com/article.cfm?cls=2&cat=1939&articleid=2411) | Contain an unknown toxin, which can affect the digestive and nervous systems and muscle. | | [Marijuana](http://www.peteducation.com/article.cfm?cls=2&cat=1937&articleid=2254) | Can depress the nervous system, cause vomiting, and changes in the heart rate. | | Milk and other dairy products | Some adult dogs and cats do not have sufficient amounts of the enzyme lactase, which breaks down the lactose in milk. This can result in diarrhea. Lactose-free milk products are available for pets. | | [Moldy or spoiled food, garbage](http://www.peteducation.com/article.cfm?cls=2&cat=1939&articleid=2407) | Can contain multiple toxins causing vomiting and diarrhea and can also affect other organs. | | [Mushrooms](http://www.peteducation.com/article.cfm?cls=2&cat=1939&articleid=2413) | Can contain toxins, which may affect multiple systems in the body, cause shock, and result in death. | | [Onions and garlic](http://www.peteducation.com/article.cfm?cls=2&cat=1939&articleid=2414) (raw, cooked, or powder) | Contain sulfoxides and disulfides, which can damage red blood cells and cause [*anemia*](javascript:popupWin1('/dictionary_term.cfm?term=anemia',%2050,%2050,%20350,%20300)). Cats are more susceptible than dogs. Garlic is less toxic than onions. | | Persimmons | Seeds can cause intestinal obstruction and [enteritis](http://www.peteducation.com/article.cfm?cls=2&cat=1556&articleid=450). | | Pits from peaches and plums | Can cause obstruction of the digestive tract. | | Potato, rhubarb, and tomato leaves; potato and tomato stems | Contain oxalates, which can affect the digestive, nervous, and urinary systems. This is more of a problem in livestock. | | Raw eggs | Contain an enzyme called avidin, which decreases the absorption of [biotin (a B vitamin)](http://www.peteducation.com/article.cfm?cls=2&cat=1662&articleid=712). This can lead to skin and hair coat problems. Raw eggs may also contain *Salmonella*. | | Raw fish | Can result in a [thiamine (a B vitamin)](http://www.peteducation.com/article.cfm?cls=2&cat=1662&articleid=712) deficiency leading to loss of appetite, seizures, and in severe cases, death. More common if raw fish is fed regularly. | | Salt | If eaten in large quantities it may lead to [*electrolyte*](javascript:popupWin1('/dictionary_term.cfm?term=electrolyte',%2050,%2050,%20350,%20300)) imbalances. | | String | Can become trapped in the digestive system; called a "string foreign body." | | Sugary foods | Can lead to [obesity](http://www.peteducation.com/category_summary.cfm?cls=2&cat=1660), dental problems, and possibly [diabetes mellitus](http://www.peteducation.com/article.cfm?cls=2&cat=1579&articleid=860). | | Table scraps (in large amounts) | Table scraps are not nutritionally balanced. They should never be more than 10% of the diet. Fat should be trimmed from meat; bones should not be fed. | | Tobacco | Contains nicotine, which affects the digestive and nervous systems. Can result in rapid heart beat, collapse, coma, and death. | | Yeast dough | Can expand and produce gas in the digestive system, causing pain and possible rupture of the stomach or intestines. | | [Xylitol](http://www.peteducation.com/article.cfm?aid=3586) (artificial sweetener) | Can cause liver failure. | | | | | | |